

Relative clauses

относительные придаточные предложения

Относительные придаточные предложения связываются с главным при помощи следующих местоимений и наречий:

adverbs and pronouns	usage
who(m)/that <i>The man <u>who has started an English course</u> is from Spain</i>	related to people
which/that <i>The present <u>which he bought for me</u> is beautiful</i>	related to things and subjects
whose <i>Have you seen the TV show <u>whose motto is "Watch and Relax?"</u></i>	both
when <i>That was the year <u>when she finished her school.</u></i>	related to time
where <i>The gallery <u>where we found this picture</u> is very famous.</i>	related to place
why <i>The reason <u>why she was late</u> is still unclear.</i>	related to reason

«who, which, that» иногда могут быть опущены в предложении.

опускаем

Если местоимение (that, who, which) является в определительном придаточном предложении

дополнением

She works for a company. The company is based in London.

«The company (that) she works for is based in London.»

не опускаем

Если местоимение (that, who, which) является в определительном придаточном предложении

подлежащим

The company employs her. The company is based in London.

«The company that employs her is based in London.» (the company - подлежащее)